



DESTINATION BRAND 19

THE SPONTANEOUS ASSOCIATIONS TO TOURIST DESTINATIONS SOURCE MARKET **SWITZERLAND**

Report for the tourist destination Latvia

Customer-oriented study of the spontaneous associations to tourist destinations total 1,000 respondents I population representative study | 12 individual destinations

Destination Brand 19 | The spontaneous associations to tourist destinations





Publisher and project leadership:	inspektour tourism and market research	inspektour (international) GmbH, Hamburg Concepts Studies Management Monitoring Market Research Destination Brand Trainings Coaching					
Publisher and scientific advisory board:	FH Westküste University of Applied Sciences	Institute for Management and Tourism (IMT) of the FH Westküste (University of Applied Sciences) Leading University Institute in Tourism in Germany					
Data collection:	Ipsos	lpsos Operations GmbH, Mölln					

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1. Management Summary

Brief description of the analysis of spontaneous associations

This report contains a detailed evaluation of **the study** "**Destination Brand 19 – the spontaneous associations to tourist destinations**" for the destination Latvia in the source market Switzerland. The management summary provides a brief overview of the study and summarises the key results of the comprehensive report for Latvia.

For the realisation of the study series Destination Brand, inspektour works together with a **competent partner network**, which offers a holistic set of methodological competences. The Institute for Management and Tourism (IMT) of the FH Westküste (University of Applied Sciences) operates as the co-publisher and scientific advisory board of the study. The database of the well-established study is assembled in cooperation with the market research company Ipsos.

Scientifically-founded insights into the own association profile are of crucial importance for tourist destinations in order to achieve a successful target-oriented strategic development of the destination marketing. In order to determine the association profile of Latvia in the source market Switzerland as part of the population representative survey of the study Destination Brand 19, the respondents were asked the question *"What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?"*. Among the 1,000 respondents to Latvia those were asked to state their spontaneous associations who know the tourist destination Latvia (when it is provided as an answer option) – even if only by name. In analogy to the entire Destination Brand study series, the percentage values of the spontaneous associations in this report for Latvia are based on the total number of respondents (n = 1,000). The queried designation of Latvia for the German speaking respondents was "Lettland" and for the French speaking respondents "Lettonie".

For answering this **open-ended question** (i.e. there were no predetermined answers), the respondents had the opportunity to write down everything they could think of without any limits in terms of content. This procedure intentionally resulted in a wide-ranged association profile with many different aspects.

As a first step of the analysis, inspektour comprehensively examined the total of 2,172 individual associations as regards content and divided them into association sub categories each comprising at least five individual responses. In order to further clarify the overall content-related structure of the association profile of the tourist destination Latvia, the sub categories belonging together were additionally grouped together in a second step into 15 superior categories (each containing at least 20 individual responses).

Basis of the analysis: Open-ended question without any limits in terms of content

> Total amount of individual associations:

> > 2,172





1. Management Summary

Frequency distribution of the association superior categories

The top 4 association superior categories (see chapter 2.2) for Latvia as a tourist destination (in % of respondents) are comprised of the categories "general geographical location" (31.8%), "weather / climate in general" (20.7%), "landscape / nature in general" (18.9%) and "sights / attractions / events" (17.1%).

The other superior categories "general positive assessment / well-being" (14.2%), "places, cities and regions in and around Latvia incl. attributes" (11.4%), "beach / coast / water" (11.0%), "holiday in general / holiday and leisure activities" (9.5%), "tradition & customs / regionality" (8.4%), "policy related associations to Latvia" (7.9%), "negative associations to Latvia" (5.8%), "culinary in general" (4.2%), "distance / accessibility / personal relation" (3.2%), "economic development & (digital) infrastructure" (2.9%) as well as "general country-related associations" (2.2%) achieve (significantly) lower proportions in the spontaneous association query about Latvia as a tourist destination. Furthermore, in 1.7% of cases responses were given that could not be assigned to any category.

Moreover, 46.3% of the respondents were not capable of submitting substantive associations to Latvia as a tourist destination (see group "unknown / only know by name – nothing / don't know – no idea / can't think of anything – never been there before – invalid answer").

Top association sub categories of the 4 largest superior categories

By taking a detailed look at the superior categories formed, more in-depth information about the corresponding associations can be obtained (see chapters 2.3 + 5).

Regarding the superior category 1 "general geographical location" (31.8%), the association "(belongs to) Baltic States / Baltic State / Estonia / Lithuania / located between Estonia and Lithuania / the three brothers" (11.8%) stands in the foreground. In the case of superior category 2 "weather / climate in general" (20.7%), the focus lies on the association "cold / coldness / ice / frost" (13.6%), while in the course of superior category 3 "landscape / nature in general" (18.9%) most responses relate to "(beautiful, great) landscape (surroundings, area) / (beautiful, untouched, much, pure) nature" (6.1%). In addition, the superior category 4 "sights / attractions / events" (17.1%) is headed by "(beautiful, exciting) architecture / art nouveau / (beautiful, great) old town / (beautiful, colorful, historical) houses / buildings / constructions" (3.4%) and "(much, old, interesting) culture / cultural interesting / cultural heritage" (3.1%).

Top superior category "general geographical location" **31.8%**





1. Management Summary

Overall top 10 association sub categories

Moreover, the top 10 spontaneous associations (see chapter 2.4) will be closely examined without taking into account the superior categorisation carried out (in % of respondents). Here, most of the top associations of the four strongest superior categories can be found.

The top associations to Latvia as a tourist destination are led by the sub category "cold / coldness / ice / frost" (13.6%, belonging to superior category 2). It is followed by "(belongs to) Baltic States / Baltic State / Estonia / Lithuania / located between Estonia and Lithuania / the three brothers" (11.8%, belonging to superior category 1) and "(capital) Riga" (9.0%, belonging to superior category 6).

The remaining ranks of the top 10 association sub categories are in a range of 4.0-7.6% of the respondents. These include the following spontaneous associations: "(located on the, pearl of the) Baltic Sea (coast) / (at the) sea" (7.6%, rank 4), "(located in the) North / northern / nordic" (6.7%, rank 5), "(beautiful, great) landscape (surroundings, area) / (beautiful, untouched, much, pure) nature" (6.1%, rank 6), "(located in the) East" (5.6%, rank 7), "former Soviet Union / former UDSSR / former Eastern Block / Russian influenced / Soviet influenced" (5.4%, rank 8), "(much) snow" (5.1%, rank 9) as well as "general positive evaluation (e.g. (very) beautiful, cool, dreamlike, good, interesting, pretty, wonderful)" (4.0%, rank 10).

In total, the top 10 association sub categories to Latvia as a tourist destination reach a share value of 74.9% of the respondents.

Overall top 20 association sub categories differentiated by sub- and target groups

In addition, this report contains in-depth analyses of the top 20 association sub categories according to the subgroups "brand connoisseurs", "visitors in the past" and "respondents with a distinct intention to travel abroad" (see chapter 2.5) as well as the following additional target group analysis (see chapter 6):

 Comprising the individually selected target groups chosen by the Investment and Development Agency of Latvia "Interested in city breaks", "Interested in nature", "Interested in culture", "Interested in cultury", "Interested in luxury" and "Interested in relaxing"

These evaluations provide additional valuable information on sub-group and target group-specific characteristics of the association profile of Latvia as a tourist destination.

Top sub category "cold / coldness / ice / frost" 13.6%

Detection of sub-group and target group-specific features through additional analyses





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2.1 Brief overview of methodology

Aim	 Study about the spontaneous associations to tourist destinations in the source markets Germany (DE), Austria (AT), Switzerland (CH), the Netherlands (NL) and China (CN)
Key issues	 Spontaneous associations per destination classified in sub- and superior categories Target group analysis among others differentiated by: sociodemographic criteria and the general interest in several holiday activities, the "9+1 types of holiday makers"* as well as the "Sinus milieus Germany"* and the "Sinus-meta-milieus"* * These options for target group definition exist exclusively for the source market Germany.
Survey design	 55 destinations (several destinations were surveyed in more than one source market; distribution among source markets: DE = 45 AT = 8 CH = 12 NL = 8 CN = 10) Total sample size: 8,000; per destination: 1,000 (spontaneous associations) (distribution among source markets: DE = 4,000 all other source markets each n = 1,000) Online survey in the respective national language (remark: CH = German & French); quota sample based on cross quota age/sex and regional origin Representative for the respective population aged 14-74 years living in private households (deviation only in the source market China**) ** The survey covers the Chinese-speaking urban population (including the top city categories "Tier 1-3") aged 14-59 years with Internet access, which according to additional preceding filter questions shows an affinity to travel abroad.
Survey period	– November / December 2019





2.2 Overview of the association superior categories

Overview of the association superior categories > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?				 Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Superior categories – part 1 of 2 				
DESTINATI BRAND			of ndents	% respo		Number of individual responses		
1	general geographical location	31.	8%	14.6	5%	318		
2	weather / climate in general	20.	7%	9.5	%	207		
3	landscape / nature in general	18.	9%	8.7	%	189		
4	sights / attractions / events	17.	1%	7.9	%	171		
5	general positive assessment / well-being	14.	2%	6.5	%	142		
6	places, cities and regions in and around Latvia incl. attributes	11.	4%	5.2	%	114		
7	beach / coast / water	11.	0%	5.1	%	110		
8	holiday in general / holiday and leisure activities	9.8	5%	4.4	%	95		
9	tradition & customs / regionality	8.4	4%	3.9	%	84		





2.2 Overview of the association superior categories

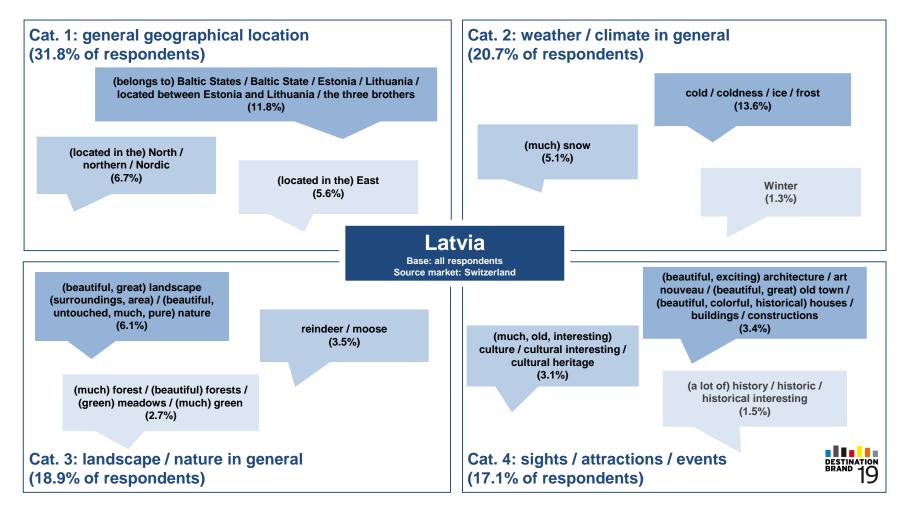
	view of the association superior categories t springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia ?		 Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Superior categories – part 2 of 2 			
DESTINATI BRAND	Association superior categories		% of ondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses	
10	policy related associations to Latvia		7.9%	3.6%	79	
11	negative associations to Latvia		5.8%	2.7%	58	
12	culinary in general		4.2%	1.9%	42	
13	distance / accessibility / personal relation		3.2%	1.5%	32	
14	economic development & (digital) infrastructure		2.9%	1.3%	29	
15	general country-related associations		2.2%	1.0%	22	
	further associations to Latvia without category allocation		1.7%	0.8%	17	
	no substantive associations (unknown / only know by name – nothing / don't know – no idea / can't think of anything – never been there before – invalid answer)	2	16.3%	21.3%	463	
	sum of individual responses encompassing all categories	21	17.2%*	100.0%*	2,172*	

* Due to the multiple response option, the sum of the individual responses (2,172) is higher than the total number of respondents (1,000).





2.3 Top 3 association sub categories of the 4 largest superior categories







2.4 Overall top 20 association sub categories

	all top 20 association sub categories t springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?	 Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Top 20 sub categories – part 1 of 2 				
DESTINAT BRAND	DESTINATION BRAND 19 Overall top 20 association sub categories		% of responses	Number of individual responses		
1	cold / coldness / ice / frost	13.6%	6.3%	136		
2	(belongs to) Baltic States / Baltic State / Estonia / Lithuania / located between Estonia and Lithuania / the three brothers	11.8%	5.4%	118		
3	(capital) Riga	9.0%	4.1%	90		
4	(located on the, pearl of the) Baltic Sea (coast) / (at the) sea	7.6%	3.5%	76		
5	(located in the) North / northern / nordic	6.7%	3.1%	67		
6	(beautiful, great) landscape (surroundings, area) / (beautiful, untouched, much, pure) nature	6.1%	2.8%	61		
7	(located in the) East	5.6%	2.6%	56		
8	former Soviet Union / former UDSSR / former Eastern Block / Russian influenced / Soviet influenced	5.4%	2.5%	54		
9	(much) snow	5.1%	2.3%	51		
10	general positive evaluation (e.g. (very) beautiful, cool, dreamlike, good, interesting, pretty, wonderful)	4.0%	1.8%	40		





2.4 Overall top 20 association sub categories

	rall top 20 association sub categories at springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?	 Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Top 20 sub categories – part 2 of 2 					
DESTINA BRAND -	Overall top 20 association sub categories	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses			
11	reindeer / moose	3.5%	1.6%	35			
12	(beautiful, exciting) architecture / art nouveau / (beautiful, great) old town / (beautiful, colorful, historical) houses / buildings / constructions	3.4%	1.6%	34			
13	(close to, borders) Russia / (many) Russians	3.2%	1.5%	32			
14	(much, old, interesting) culture / cultural interesting / cultural heritage	3.1%	1.4%	31			
15	(nice, friendly, cordial) people / hospitable / friendliness / charming / sympathetic	3.0%	1.4%	30			
15	alternative / different / exotic / fascinating / mysterious / mystical / exciting / special	3.0%	1.4%	30			
17	(much) forest / (beautiful) forests / (green) meadows / (much) green	2.7%	1.2%	27			
18	(good, different, fine) food / (good, different, foreign) cuisine / gastronomy / culinary interesting	2.6%	1.2%	26			
19	far away / difficult to reach	2.3%	1.1%	23			
20	cheap (destination) / inexpensive / not expensive / reasonably	2.2%	1.0%	22			

Source: inspektour (international) GmbH / IMT of the FH Westküste, 2019

Destination Brand 19 | The spontaneous associations to tourist destinations





2.4 Overall top 20 association sub categories - word cloud (base: all respondents)

much forest beautiful cheap destination much snow

close to Russia beautiful architecture much culture former Soviet Union reind East **COID** Baltic Sea 🔁 capital Riga beautiful landscape

Note: The illustration is based on the quantitative distribution of the top 20 association sub categories to the tourist destination Latvia in the source market Switzerland, i.e. the larger the respective sub category is presented, the more frequently – but not linearly – it is associated with the destination Latvia.



2.5 Overall top 20 association sub categories – *by sub-groups*

> What	II top 20 association sub categories – by sub-groups springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Laty of respondents	via?	os 2		
DESTINATIO	Overall top 20 association sub categories – by sub-groups > in % of respondents	All respondents	Brand connoisseurs	Visitors in the past*	Distinct intention to travel abroad
1	cold / coldness / ice / frost	13.6%	19.8%	11.1%	16.4%
2	(belongs to) Baltic States / Baltic State / Estonia / Lithuania / located between Estonia and Lithuania / the three brothers	11.8%	17.2%	14.8%	13.5%
3	(capital) Riga	9.0%	13.1%	40.7%	10.6%
4	(located on the, pearl of the) Baltic Sea (coast) / (at the) sea	7.6%	11.1%	9.3%	8.0%
5	(located in the) North / northern / nordic	6.7%	9.8%	1.9%	8.0%
6	(beautiful, great) landscape (surroundings, area) / (beautiful, untouched, much, pure) nature	6.1%	8.9%	3.7%	6.6%
7	(located in the) East	5.6%	8.2%	3.7%	5.4%
8	former Soviet Union / former UDSSR / former Eastern Block / Russian influenced / Soviet influenced	5.4%	7.9%	5.6%	6.6%
9	(much) snow	5.1%	7.4%	1.9%	5.4%
10	general positive evaluation (e.g. (very) beautiful, cool, dreamlike, good, interesting, pretty, wonderful)	4.0%	5.8%	18.5%	4.0%

* Sample size < 100: Higher statistical uncertainty due to relatively small sample size.



2.5 Overall top 20 association sub categories – *by sub-groups*

> What	II top 20 association sub categories – by sub-groups springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Late of respondents	via?	os 2		
DESTINATION BRAND	Overall top 20 association sub categories – by sub-groups > in % of respondents	All respondents	Brand connoisseurs	Visitors in the past*	Distinct intention to travel abroad
11	reindeer / moose	3.5%	5.1%	0.0%	3.7%
12	(beautiful, exciting) architecture / art nouveau / (beautiful, great) old town / (beautiful, colorful, historical) houses / buildings / constructions	3.4%	5.0%	20.4%	3.7%
13	(close to, borders) Russia / (many) Russians	3.2%	4.7%	3.7%	4.0%
14	(much, old, interesting) culture / cultural interesting / cultural heritage	3.1%	4.5%	7.4%	3.9%
15	(nice, friendly, cordial) people / hospitable / friendliness / charming / sympathetic	3.0%	4.4%	9.3%	3.3%
15	alternative / different / exotic / fascinating / mysterious / mystical / exciting / special	3.0%	4.4%	5.6%	3.3%
17	(much) forest / (beautiful) forests / (green) meadows / (much) green	2.7%	3.9%	5.6%	3.0%
18	(good, different, fine) food / (good, different, foreign) cuisine / gastronomy / culinary interesting	2.6%	3.8%	14.8%	3.3%
19	far away / difficult to reach	2.3%	3.4%	1.9%	2.5%
20	cheap (destination) / inexpensive / not expensive / reasonably	2.2%	3.2%	9.3%	2.5%

* Sample size < 100: Higher statistical uncertainty due to relatively small sample size.





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3.1 General overview of the study series Destination Brand

The following overview is an excerpt from a detailed, scientifically founded presentation of the Destination Brand study series by the authors Prof. Dr. Bernd Eisenstein, Alexander Koch, Dr. Petra Trimborn and Sylvia Müller. It appeared in the edited volumes on market research for destinations published by Prof. Dr. Bernd Eisenstein in 2017 (for more information see chapter 8.4 in the appendix).

The Destination Brand study series has provided information on the perception of more than 130 destinations in every year since 2009. As branding gained in importance in strategic management of tourist destinations, there was an increasing demand for empirical data that supports competitive strategies of tourist destinations. As a touristic market research instrument, the study series provides a **unique contribution to the comparative summary of the demand-side perceptions of destination brands**. The study series consists of three separate, thematic modules, which each highlight a specific focus of the destination brands as individual studies.

The theoretical starting point and conceptual basis of the study series is the **concept of identity-based brand management**. The concept of identity-based brand management (see the following figure) considers both the brand's internal self-reflection from the supplier's perspective (brand identity) and the external brand perception from the perspective of the demand (brand image).¹ So far, the Destination Brand study series had an exclusive focus on the perception of tourist destination brands from the perspective of the demand.

The professional management of a destination brand requires **knowledge of the demand-side perceptions of the brand**. Today, it is almost impossible to introduce and further develop a competitive destination brand without having empirical information on the brand image² of the destination.

The basic requirement for the generation of a brand name's impact is that the brand has a (target group-specific) level of awareness. In other words, it has reached the consciousness of potential customers (brand awareness, see following figure). This is where the first of the three Destination Brand studies comes in: it measures the **awareness of destination brands** in the context of the four dimensional brand funnel analysis.

The second and third studies in the series are aimed at determining the **benefit dimensions of the destination brands**: the key to successful brand building, as defined by the achievement of a dominant position in the consumer's psyche and differentiation from its competitors, is the formulation of a value proposition by which the brand³ is positioned on the market.⁴ In the course of this positioning, it is important to consolidate the brand identity into a bundle of benefits that clearly focuses on a few consumer-related and purchase-relevant benefit dimensions, taking into account both the functional and the emotional-symbolic benefit dimensions. This also applies to destination brands: The image of the destination brand is created from the associated benefits that are connected by the potential guests with the respective destination.⁵

Since 2009 annually: Information about the perception of more than 130 destination brands

Theoretical starting point: concept of identity-based brand management

1st study: Brand awareness | four dimensional brand funnel

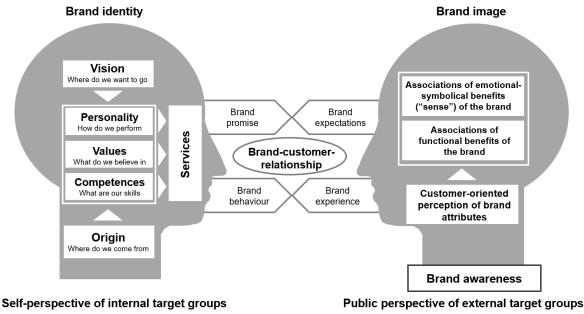




3.1 General overview of the study series Destination Brand

The **functional benefit dimensions** of destination brands are the subject of the second part of the Destination Brand study series, in which the **theme competences attributed** to each destination brand are measured.

The third part of the Destination Brand study series focuses on the **emotional-symbolic benefit dimension** of the destination brands. The study measures the **attributes and characteristics** ascribed to the destinations by the demand side. The importance of the emotional-symbolic benefit dimension has increased significantly in recent times: the convergence of products and services observable in the competition between destinations – as in many industries – manifests itself in particular through the constant convergence of the functional benefit dimension. This goes hand in hand with the decreasing possibilities for differentiation between destination brands – based on the functional benefit dimension. Instead, the emotional-symbolic field achieves priority importance for the differentiation, with the consequence that brands need to be additionally emotionalized in an identity-specific way⁶.



2nd study: Theme competence

3rd study: Attributes and characteristics

Concept of identity-based brand management

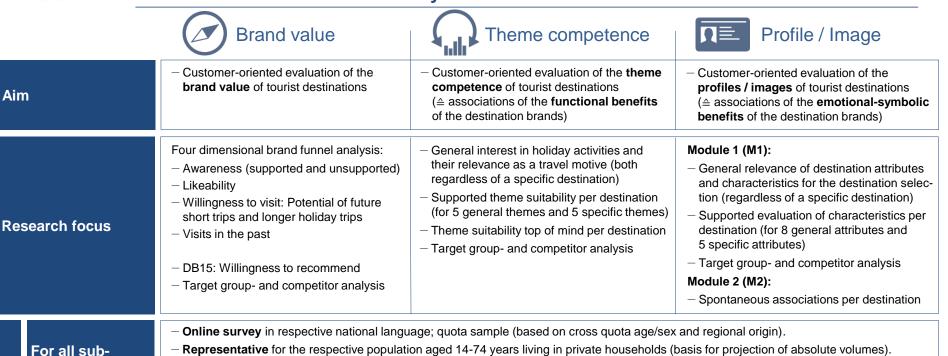
Source: adapted from Burmann, Halaszovich and Hemmann (2012), p. 74.



studies

Aim

3.1 General overview of the study series Destination Brand



- Representative for the respective population aged 14-74 years living in private households (basis for projection of absolute volumes).

- Comprehensive competitive comparison possibilities based on the relatively large destination pool.

- Time comparison possibilities based on the consistent study design.

design	Specific per sub-study	DESTINATION BRANCH	DESTINATION BEACTION	DESTINATION BRANCH De Manager De Manager De Manager De Manager De Manager De Manager De Manager De Manager De De D	destination brand 18	DESTINATION BRANCH Strongeneticities Hoterase	DESTINATION BRAND Distance Visition Massed Massed	DESTINATION BRAND BY TRANSPORT	destination brand 18	DESTINATION BRAND 11	DESTINATION BRAND Destroy Bridder Riscore	DESTINATION BRAND Chapter Serverster	destination brand 19
Survey	 Source markets 	DE	DE	DE	DE AT CH NL	DE	DE	DE	DE AT CH NL	DE	DE	DE	DE AT CH NL CN
Su	 Total number of respondents 	8,900	15,000	17,000	12,000	10,500	16,000	17,000	12,000	10,000	11,000	17,000	8,000
	 Total number of destinations 	141	160	172	76*	141	160	172	76*	M1: 104 M2: 22	M1: 115 M2: 21	M1: 170 M2: 170	55**
	 Number of themes / characteristics 					5 gen. + 25 specific	5 gen. + 50 specific	6 gen. + 57 specific	5 gen. + 28 specific	6 gen. + 50 specific	6 gen. + 56 specific	8 gen. + 59 specific	solely spontaneous associations

* In the study DB18 some destinations were surveyed in two or more source markets; distribution among source markets: DE = 45 | AT = 22 | CH = 33 | NL = 33.

** In the study DB19 some destinations were surveyed in two or more source markets; distribution among source markets: DE = 45 | AT = 8 | CH = 12 | NL = 8 | CN = 10.

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3.2 Destination Brand Award

On the occasion of the fvw Destination Germany Day on the 14th of January 2020, inspektour presented the DESTINATION BRAND Award for the fourth time – this time concerning the current topic of "**digital experienceability**" of German tourist destinations.

Based on the question "Which holiday destinations (cities, regions, federal states, etc.) in Germany do you consider to be particularly well digitally experienceable?", 4,000 Germans were surveyed in November and December 2019 as part of the study DESTINATION BRAND 19. In this course, the digital experience during all phases of the trip should be taken into account, including inspiration, information and booking before the trip – on-site experience – as well as follow-up and reflection after the trip.



The result of the open-ended question without answer specifications:

Of all the destinations mentioned, **Berlin** took the **first place** with 22% (stated in percentage of the respondents in each case) and thus received the award for particularly good digital experienceability.

Rank 2 and 3 were reached by the North German destinations **Hamburg** (15%) and the **Baltic Sea** (13%).

General relevance of the digital experienceability for the choice of destination

The winners of this year's

(1) Berlin, (2) Hamburg and

(3) the Baltic Sea can be

experienced particularly well

digitally.

DESTINATION BRAND Award:

Potential for linking with destination characteristics and holiday themes

The study DESTINATION BRAND 17 already examined the **relevance of digital experienceability for the choice of destination** for a holiday with at least one overnight stay in general (i.e. independent of a specific destination). For 20% of the 17,000 respondents of the population representative survey in the German source market it has a high to very high relevance (= affinity for digital experienceability).

According to further analyses in the study DESTINATION BRAND 17, the affinities for digital experienceability also show among others an above-average affinity for the attributes **"modern"**, **"innovative" and "authentic / genuine"** as well as an above-average interest in holiday themes with a **distinct experience and edutainment character**.





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4.1 Methods of the profile study Destination Brand 19

As already described more in detail in chapter 3.1, **scientifically-founded insights** into the own association profile are of crucial importance for tourist destinations in order to achieve a successful target-oriented strategic development of the destination marketing. Against this background, the study Destination Brand 19 conducts a customer-oriented **measurement of spontaneous associations** to a multitude of tourist destinations based on population-representative online surveys.

For the realisation of the study series Destination Brand, inspektour works together with a competent **partner network**, which offers a holistic set of methodological competences. The Institute for Management and Tourism (IMT) of the FH Westküste (University of Applied Sciences) gives meaningful contribution as the co-publisher and scientific advisory board of the study. The database of the well-established study is assembled in cooperation with the market research company Ipsos.

While the predecessor profile studies in the years 2011, 2014 and 2017 already covered a comprehensive part of the German domestic tourist destinations regarding the supported evaluation of attributes and characteristics, the recent study has **widened the scope** and additionally encompasses the **four source markets Austria**, **Switzerland**, **the Netherlands and China**.

In order to determine the association profile of Latvia in the source market Switzerland as part of the population representative survey of the study Destination Brand 19, the respondents were asked the question *"What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?"*. Among the 1,000 respondents to Latvia those were asked to state their spontaneous associations who know the tourist destination Latvia (when it is provided as an answer option) – even if only by name. In analogy to the entire Destination Brand study series, the percentage values of the spontaneous associations in this report for Latvia are based on the total number of respondents (n = 1,000). The queried designation of Latvia for the German speaking respondents was "Lettland" and for the French speaking respondents "Lettonie".

For answering this **open-ended question** (i.e. there were no predetermined answers), the respondents had the opportunity to write down everything they could think of without any limits in terms of content. This procedure intentionally resulted in a wide-ranged association profile with many different aspects.

As a first step of the analysis, inspektour comprehensively examined the total of 2,172 individual associations as regards content and divided them into association sub categories each comprising at least five individual responses. In order to further clarify the overall content-related structure of the association profile of the tourist destination Latvia, the sub categories belonging together were additionally grouped together in a second step into 15 superior categories (each containing at least 20 individual responses).

Competent partner network

Widened scope of analysed source markets (DE | AT | CH | NL | CN)

Basis of the analysis: Open-ended question without any limits in terms of content

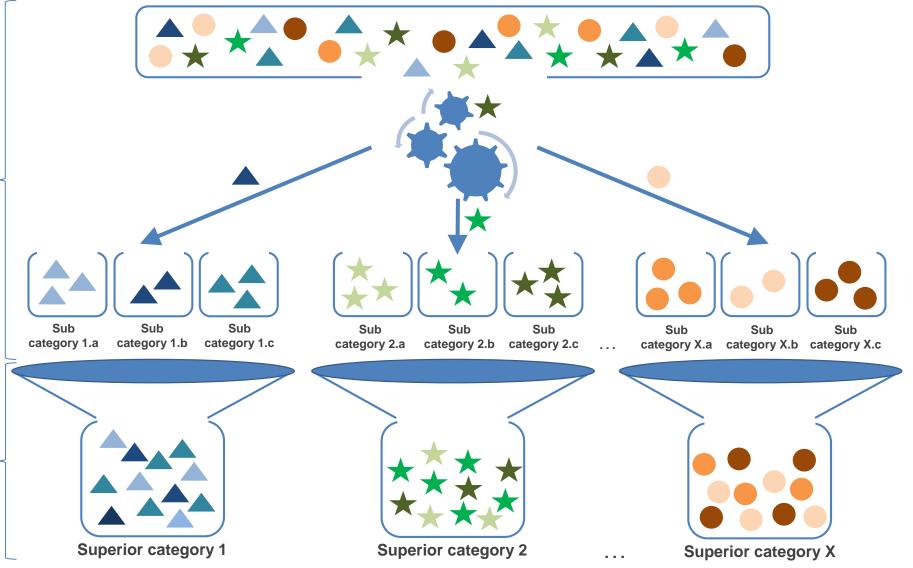
Total amount of individual associations: 2,172



4.1 Methods of the profile study Destination Brand 19 – *Procedure of categorisation*







Step 2: Grouping together to superior categories





4.1 Methods of the profile study Destination Brand 19

In total, **55 different tourist destinations** were included in the survey of the study Destination Brand 19 running in the period of November / December 2019. Since some of the destinations were surveyed in two or more source markets, the five source market-specific destination pools cover a higher number of tourist destinations in total. Their distribution is as follows: DE = 45 | AT = 8 | CH = 12 | NL = 8 | CN = 10. The selection of the destinations to be considered was done by inspektour in cooperation with the IMT of the FH Westküste (University of Applied Sciences).

In total, **8,000 respondents were surveyed online in their respective national language** in the course of the study Destination Brand 19. The sample sizes per source market are as follows: DE: n = 4,000 | all other source markets each: n = 1,000. The field work was carried out, managed and controlled by the Ipsos Operations GmbH. In this process, in each source market (sub-) samples of 1,000 respondents were used. Each of these (sub-) samples is representative for the respective population aged 14-74 years living in private households (under application of a cross quota "age/sex" and an independent quota "regional origin").

Only the survey in the source market China constitutes a deviation from the previous representativeness statement. Here the basic population of the survey is formed by the Chinese-speaking urban population (including the top city categories "Tier 1-3") aged 14-59 years with Internet access.

In the main part of the survey on destination-specific spontaneous associations in the source market China, only those interviewees took part, who are considered to have an "affinity to travel abroad" according to additional preceding filter questions (n = 1,005). For this purpose, the respondents had to fulfill at least one of the following two conditions:

- Condition 1: have travelled abroad in the last 3 years (with at least 1 overnight stay) and / or
- Condition 2: hold a valid passport (or have applied for it or plan to apply for it within the next 3 years) and are willing to undertake a short trip (with 1 3 overnight stays) and / or a longer holiday trip (with 4 or more overnight stays) abroad within the next 3 years

In total: 55 different tourist destinations

Population-representative online surveys

Basic population in the source market China

Conditions for the "affinity to travel abroad" in the source market China





4.1 Methods of the profile study Destination Brand 19

The resulting number of respondents for all considered destinations with regard to the measurement of spontaneous associations is at least 1,000. This comprehensive sample size generally permits the conduction of **more detailed and statistically secured analyses of the top 20 association sub categories**. These comprise:

- A differentiation by the **sub-groups** (see chapter 2.5):
 - "Brand connoisseurs" (know the tourist destination Latvia (when it is provided as an answer option) – even if only by name)
 - "Visitors in the past" (have already holidayed in the tourist destination Latvia (with at least one overnight stay))
 - Respondents with a "distinct intention to travel abroad" (definitely (top value) intend to spend a short holiday trip (with 1 – 3 overnight stays) and / or a longer holiday trip (with 4 or more overnight stays) abroad within the next 3 years)
- The standard target group analysis with a total of 3-6 individually relevant target groups (see chapter 6.1): For this purpose, the Investment and Development Agency of Latvia individually selected the target groups "Interested in city breaks", "Interested in nature", "Interested in culture", "Interested in culture",

The methodological explanations conclude with the following two additional remarks:

- For further details, please refer to the **appendix** (see chapter 8), which includes among others some descriptive reading examples, a glossary of the most important terms as well as an explanation of the margin of error (confidence intervals for different sample sizes).
- Please note that any deviations of the sum of added percent values are due to rounding differences.

Detailed bivariate analysis of the top 20 association sub categories

Differentiation by sub groups

Target group analysis

Appendix: Descriptive reading examples





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4.2 Overview of the considered destinations



		DE	AT	СН	NL	CN
1.	Allgäu					
2.	Austria					
3.	Bavaria					
4.	Bavarian Forest					
5.	Bergisches Land					
6.	Berlin					
7.	Black Forest					
8.	City of Cottbus					
9.	Dresden					
10.	Duisburg					
11.	Düsseldorf					
12.	East Frisian Islands					
13.	Erzgebirge					
14.	France					
15.	Franconia - wine.beautiful.country					
16.	Garmisch-Partenkirchen					
17.	German Fairy Tale Route					
18.	Germany					
19.	Great Britain					
20.	Havelland					
21.	Ireland					
22.	Island of Usedom					
23.	Italy					
24.	Karlsruhe					
25.	Kassel					
26.	Langeoog					
27.	Latvia					
28.	Leipzig					

		DE	AT	СН	NL	CN
29.	London					
30.	Lüneburg Heath					
31.	Luxembourg					
32.	Munich					
33.	Münsterland					
34.	Netherlands					
35.	Norderney					
36.	North Rhine-Westphalia					
37.	Paris					
38.	Rheingau					
39.	Rhön					
40.	Rothenburg ob der Tauber					
41.	Saarland					
42.	Salzburger Land					
43.	Saxonian Elbland					
44.	Saxony					
45.	Saxony-Anhalt					
46.	Schleswig-Holstein Wadden Sea National Park					
47.	Spain					
48.	Stuttgart					
49.	Switzerland					
50.	Upper Palatinate Forest					
51.	Vorarlberg					
52.	Weserbergland					
53.	Western Pomerania					
54.	Wilder Kaiser - Ellmau, Going, Scheffau, Söll					
55.	Winterberg					

Note 1: The source markets are marked in green, if the respective destination was surveyed there in the course of the study Destination Brand 19. **Note 2:** Last survey taken into consideration November / December 2019







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- general geographical location Category 1: 5.1 Category 2: weather / climate in general 5.2 Category 3: landscape / nature in general 5.3 Category 4: sights / attractions / events 5.4 general positive assessment / well-being Category 5: 5.5 places, cities and regions in and around Latvia incl. attributes Category 6: 5.6 Category 7: beach / coast / water 5.7 Category 8: holiday in general / holiday and leisure activities 5.8 5.9 Category 9: tradition & customs / regionality 5.10 Category 10: policy related associations to Latvia 5.11 Category 11: negative associations to Latvia 5.12 Category 12: culinary in general 5.13 Category 13: distance / accessibility / personal relation 5.14 Category 14: economic development & (digital) infrastructure 5.15 Category 15: general country-related associations
- 5.16 Category 16: further associations to Latvia without category allocation

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5.1 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 1 "general geographical location"

Spontaneous associations in category 1: "general geographical location" > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?			■ Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 1			
DESTINAT BRAND	Spontaneous associations in category 1: 9 "general geographical location"	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses		
1	(belongs to) Baltic States / Baltic State / Estonia / Lithuania / located between Estonia and Lithuania / the three brothers	11.8%	5.4%	118		
2	(located in the) North / northern / nordic	6.7%	3.1%	67		
3	(located in the) East	5.6%	2.6%	56		
4	(close to, borders) Russia / (many) Russians	3.2%	1.5%	32		
5	(located in, Eastern) Europe	2.1%	1.0%	21		
	wrong geographical assignment (e.g. Balkan country, North Pole, North Sea, Serbia)	0.9%	0.4%	9		
	further associations to the category 1 "general geographical location"* (e.g. abroad, East Prussia, foreign, isolated, landlocked country, near to Finland, near to Poland, near to Scandinavia, near to Sweden)	1.5%	0.7%	15		
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 1	31.8%	14.6%	318		

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.2 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 2 "weather / climate in general"

"weat	taneous associations in category 2: ther / climate in general" t springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?	Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 2			
DESTINATION	Spontaneous associations in category 2: "weather / climate in general"	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses	
1	cold / coldness / ice / frost	13.6%	6.3%	136	
2	(much) snow	5.1%	2.3%	51	
3	winter	1.3%	0.6%	13	
	further associations to the category 2 "weather / climate in general"* (e.g. fog, igloo, lots of wind, sun)	0.7%	0.3%	7	
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 2	20.7%	9.5%	207	

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.3 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 3 "landscape / nature in general"

Spontaneous associations in category 3: <i>"landscape / nature in general"</i> > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?			■ Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 3			
DESTINA	Spontaneous associations in category 3: 9 <i>"landscape / nature in general"</i>	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses		
1	(beautiful, great) landscape (surroundings, area) / (beautiful, untouched, much, pure) nature	6.1%	2.8%	61		
2	reindeer / moose	3.5%	1.6%	35		
3	(much) forest / (beautiful) forests / (green) meadows / (much) green	2.7%	1.2%	27		
4	flat (region) / wide / extensive	1.9%	0.9%	19		
5	(many, wild) animals in general as well as other specific animal species, e.g. storks, (wild) horses	1.1%	0.5%	11		
6	northern light(s) / polar night	0.7%	0.3%	7		
7	rural (region)	0.5%	0.2%	5		
	further associations to the category 3 "landscape / nature in general"* (e.g. caves, chanterelles, gardens and parks, glaciers, hills, (large) mosquitoes, mountains, national parks, steppe, volcano, waterfall)	2.4%	1.1%	24		
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 3	18.9%	8.7%	189		

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.

Source: inspektour (international) GmbH / IMT of the FH Westküste, 2019

Destination Brand 19 | The spontaneous associations to tourist destinations





5.4 Spontaneous associations - Cat. 4 "sights / attractions / events"

Spontaneous associations in category 4: "sights / attractions / events" > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?		 Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 4 – part 1 of 2 			
Destination Spontaneous associations in category 4: BRAND 19 "sights / attractions / events"		% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses	
1	(beautiful, exciting) architecture / art nouveau / (beautiful, great) old town / (beautiful, colourful, historical) houses / buildings / constructions	3.4%	1.6%	34	
2	(much, old, interesting) culture / cultural interesting / cultural heritage	3.1%	1.4%	31	
3	(a lot of) history / historic / historical interesting	1.5%	0.7%	15	
3	ice hockey (nation)	1.5%	0.7%	15	
5	(beautiful) castle(s) / palaces in general	1.4%	0.6%	14	
6	church(es) / cathedral(s) in general	1.0%	0.5%	10	
7	(many) sights / worth seeing / varied / diverse	0.8%	0.4%	8	





5.4 Spontaneous associations - Cat. 4 "sights / attractions / events"

Spontaneous associations in category 4: "sights / attractions / events" > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?		 Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 4 – part 2 of 2 			
DESTINATION	Spontaneous associations in category 4: "sights / attractions / events"	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses	
8	football / participation in the European Football Championship 2004	0.7%	0.3%	7	
9	(art) museum / museums (in Riga) in general	0.6%	0.3%	6	
	further associations to the category 4 "sights / attractions / events"* (e.g. basketball, Bremen Town Musicians, concerts, European Capital of Culture, Eurovision Song Contest, exhibition, ferry (to Scandinavia), Hanseatic League, middle ages, opera, ports, song festival, theatre, wooden buildings)	3.1%	1.4%	31	
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 4	17.1%	7.9%	171	

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.5 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 5 "general positive assessment / well-being"

"g	Spontaneous associations in category 5: "general positive assessment / well-being" > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?			Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 5		
DESTIBRAN		Spontaneous associations in category 5: "general positive assessment / well-being"	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses	
	1	general positive evaluation (e.g. (very) beautiful, cool, dreamlike, good, interesting, pretty, wonderful)	4.0%	1.8%	40	
2	2	(nice, friendly, cordial) people / hospitable / friendliness / charming / sympathetic	3.0%	1.4%	30	
2	2	alternative / different / exotic / fascinating / mysterious / mystical / exciting / special	3.0%	1.4%	30	
2	4	recreation (pure) / relaxing / cosy / (much) silence / quiet / peaceful / homely	1.7%	0.8%	17	
Ę	5	(very beautiful, pretty, blond) women / (beautiful) girls	1.3%	0.6%	13	
		further associations to the category 5 "general positive assessment / well-being"* (e.g. campfire, cheerful, colourful, insider tip, pleasure, protected, simple, trendy, young people)	1.2%	0.6%	12	
		sum of individual responses belonging to category 5	14.2%	6.5%	142	

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.6 Spontaneous associations – *Cat.* 6 "places, cities and regions in and around Latvia incl. attributes"

Spontaneous associations in category 6: "places, cities and regions in and around Latvia incl. attributes" > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?		Base: All re Number of	rket: Switzerland	
DESTINATION DESTINATION	 Spontaneous associations in category 6: "places, cities and regions in and around Latvia incl. attributes" 	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses
1	(capital) Riga	9.0%	4.1%	90
2	(old, interesting, beautiful, great) cities / villages / urban	1.0%	0.5%	10
	various other places, cities and regions in Latvia and its surroundings (e.g. Jurmala, Liepaja, Sigulda, Vilnius)	1.4%	0.6%	14
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 6	11.4%	5.2%	114

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.7 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 7 "beach / coast / water"

Spontaneous associations in category 7: "beach / coast / water" > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?		Base: All re Number of	rket: Switzerland spondents respondents: 1,000 ns to category 7	
DESTINATI	Spontaneous associations in category 7: 9 "beach / coast / water"	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses
1	(located on the, pearl of the) Baltic Sea (coast) / (at the) sea	7.6%	3.5%	76
2	(sandy) beach / (beautiful, wide, long) beaches / dunes	1.3%	0.6%	13
3	amber	0.7%	0.3%	7
3	lake(s) in general	0.7%	0.3%	7
	further associations to the category 7 "beach / coast / water"* (e.g. fjords, Gauja, geyser, low and high tide, Riga Bay, sun)	0.7%	0.3%	7
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 7	11.0%	5.1%	110

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.8 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 8 "holiday in general / holiday and leisure activities"

Spontaneous associations in category 8: <i>"holiday in general / holiday and leisure activities"</i> > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?		Base: All re Number of	rket: Switzerland spondents respondents: 1,000 ns to category 8	
DESTINAT BRAND	 Spontaneous associations in category 8: <i>"holiday in general / holiday and leisure activities"</i> 	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses
1	cheap (destination) / inexpensive / not expensive / reasonably	2.2%	1.0%	22
2	(new, current) tourist destination / worth a trip / would like to visit (definitely, sometime, in the future) / (beautiful) vacation / fond memories	2.0%	0.9%	20
3	(dog) sledge driving / huskies / husky trips / sled dogs	1.2%	0.6%	12
4	adventure / discoveries / a lot to discover / excursions / experience new things	1.1%	0.5%	11
5	flight (travel, plane) / airport	0.4%	0.2%	4
	various other holiday and leisure activities, e.g. bobsleighing, carriage, cruising, cycling, hiking, skiing, snowmobile, sports, wellness, winter sports	1.7%	0.8%	17
	further associations to the category 8 "holiday in general / holiday and leisure activities"* (e.g. Air Baltic, camping, clean, city trip, party)	0.9%	0.4%	9
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 8	9.5%	4.4%	95

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.9 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 9 "tradition & customs / regionality"

"trac	Spontaneous associations in category 9: <i>"tradition & customs / regionality"</i> > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?		■ Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 9		
DESTINAT BRAND	Spontaneous associations in category 9: 9 "tradition & customs / regionality"	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses	
1	Christmas / Santa Claus	1.5%	0.7%	15	
2	(other, foreign, interesting) language / Latvian	1.3%	0.6%	13	
2	tradition / traditional / folklore / customs and traditions	1.3%	0.6%	13	
4	traditional costumes / (colored, warm, woollen) clothes / (colored, red, wool) caps / leather boots	1.0%	0.5%	10	
5	(folk) music / folk dances	0.8%	0.4%	8	
6	Slavic / Slavic culture	0.6%	0.3%	6	
	further associations to the category 9 "tradition & customs / regionality"* (e.g. ancient peoples, crafts, Eskimos, Sami, similar to Scandinavia, the Lapps, typical)	1.9%	0.9%	19	
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 9	8.4%	3.9%	84	

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.



5.10 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 10 "policy related associations to Latvia"

Spontaneous associations in category 10: <i>"policy related associations to Latvia"</i> > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?		Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 10		
DESTINATI BRAND	 Spontaneous associations in category 10: "policy related associations to Latvia" 	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses
1	former Soviet Union / former UDSSR / former Eastern Block / Russian influenced / Soviet influenced	5.4%	2.5%	54
2	(population is proud of its political) independence / freedom / has regained its freedom / new independence	0.8%	0.4%	8
3	European Union / (new) EU member / Euro (country, as means of payment)	0.7%	0.3%	7
4	history of war / World War II / Cold War	0.4%	0.2%	4
	further associations to the category 10 "policy related associations to Latvia"* (e.g. anti-Russian, collaboration, cooperation, many Germans, republic, Schengen Agreement)	0.6%	0.3%	6
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 10	7.9%	3.6%	79

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.11 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 11 "negative associations to Latvia"

"nega	taneous associations in category 11: ative associations to Latvia" t springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?	 Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 11 		
DESTINATI BRAND	Spontaneous associations in category 11: "negative associations to Latvia"	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses
1	boring / dreary / dull / not interested / uninteresting / non-touristic / not attractive for tourists / does not appeal to me / what do you want there	1.7%	0.8%	17
2	poor / poverty / poor population	1.3%	0.6%	13
	further associations to the category 11 "negative associations to Latvia"* (e.g. arrogance, bad food, bad luck, burglars, dark, expensive, grey, language barrier, language problems, lonely, prostitution, too cold)	2.8%	1.3%	28
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 11	5.8%	2.7%	58

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.12 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 12 "culinary in general"

Spontaneous associations in category 12: <i>"culinary in general"</i> <i>What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia</i>? <i>Latvia</i> Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 12 				
DESTINATI BRAND 1	Spontaneous associations in category 12: "culinary in general"	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses
1	(good, different, fine) food / (good, different, foreign) cuisine / gastronomy / culinary interesting	2.6%	1.2%	26
2	alcohol in general, e.g. beer, schnapps, vodka	0.9%	0.4%	9
	further associations to the category 12 "culinary in general" (e.g. cozy cafés, (canned) fish, mushrooms, pierogi)	0.7%	0.3%	7
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 12	4.2%	1.9%	42

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.13 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 13 "distance / accessibility / personal relation"

Spontaneous associations in category 13: <i>distance / accessibility / personal relation</i>" <i>What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia</i>? <i>Latvia</i> Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 13 				
DESTINATI	Spontaneous associations in category 13: <i>"distance / accessibility / personal relation"</i>	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses
1	far away / difficult to reach	2.3%	1.1%	23
2	family / relatives / friends	0.5%	0.2%	5
	further associations to the category 13 "distance / accessibility / personal relation"* (e.g. easy to reach, student exchange, year abroad)	0.4%	0.2%	4
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 13	3.2%	1.5%	32

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.14 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 14 "economic development & (digital) infrastructure"

Spontaneous associations in category 14: <i>teconomic development & (digital) infrastructure"</i> <i>What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?</i> <i>Latvia</i> Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 14 				
DESTINATI BRAND 1	Spontaneous associations in category 14: "economic development & (digital) infrastructure"	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses
1	new / modern / trendy / innovation / a country of future	1.4%	0.6%	14
2	awakening / flourishing / (booming) economy / economic success / intelligent people	0.6%	0.3%	6
	further associations to the category 14 "economic development & (digital) infrastructure"* (e.g. Bitcoin, guild, money, P2P loans, (technically well-equipped) schools, Skype)	0.9%	0.4%	9
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 14	2.9%	1.3%	29

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.15 Spontaneous associations – Cat. 15 "general country-related associations"

Spontaneous associations in category 15: <i>"general country-related associations"</i> <i>What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia</i>? <i>Latvia</i> Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations to category 15 Image: All respondents Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Source mark			
Spontaneous associations in category 15: ^{BRAND} 19 "general country-related associations"	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses
1 small (country) / few inhabitants	1.7%	0.8%	17
2 further associations to the category 15 "general country-related associations"* (e.g. beautiful country, interesting country, undiscovered country)	0.5%	0.2%	5
sum of individual responses belonging to category 15	2.2%	1.0%	22

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





5.16 Spontaneous associations – Cat. "further associations to Latvia without category allocation"

Spontaneous associations in category: <i>"further associations to Latvia without category allocation"</i> > What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?	Base: All re Number of	 Latvia Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Further associations without category allocation 	
Spontaneous associations in category: 19 "further associations to Latvia without category allocation"	% of respondents	% of responses	Number of individual responses
further associations to Latvia without category allocation (e.g. good English speaking capabilities, Heinz Erhardt, orthodox, red, truck)	1.7%	0.8%	17
sum of individual responses to Latvia without category allocation	1.7%	0.8%	17

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.





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6. Standard target group analysis *Target group definitions – in coordination with the Investment and Development Agency of Latvia (part 1 of 2)*

"Interested in city breaks"	 Respondents with distinct intention to travel abroad <u>and</u> Age of respondents: 25-74 years <u>and</u> General interest in holiday activity "Taking a city break" (top-two-box on a scale from "5 very interested" to "1 = not at all interested")
"Interested in nature"	 Respondents with distinct intention to travel abroad <u>and</u> Age of respondents: 25-74 years <u>and</u> General interest in holiday activity "Enjoying nature" (top-two-box on a scale from "5 very interested" to "1 = not at all interested")
"Interested in culture"	 Respondents with distinct intention to travel abroad <u>and</u> Age of respondents: 25-74 years <u>and</u> General interest in holiday activity "Visiting cultural institutions / using cultural services" (top-two-box on a scale from "5 very interested" to "1 = not at all interested")





6. Standard target group analysis *Target group definitions – in coordination with the Investment and Development Agency of Latvia (part 2 of 2)*

"Interested in culinary"	 Respondents with distinct intention to travel abroad <u>and</u> Age of respondents: 25-74 years <u>and</u> General interest in holiday activity "Enjoying culinary / gastronomic specialities" (top-two-box on a scale from "5 very interested" to "1 = not at all interested")
"Interested in luxury"	 Respondents with distinct intention to travel abroad <u>and</u> Age of respondents: 35-74 years <u>and</u> General interest in holiday activity "Using luxury offers" (top-two-box on a scale from "5 very interested" to "1 = not at all interested")
"Interested in relaxing"	 Respondents with distinct intention to travel abroad <u>and</u> Age of respondents: 35-74 years <u>and</u> General interest in holiday activity "Relaxing and resting" (top-two-box on a scale from "5 very interested" to "1 = not at all interested")



6. Standard target group analysis

Overall top 20 association sub categories - by target groups

> What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?

> in % of respondents

Latvia

Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents by individual target groups* Number of respondents: 1,000 Top 20 sub categories – part 1 of 2

DESTINATI BRAND	 Overall top 20 association sub categories – by target groups (in % of respondents) 	All respondents	Interested in city breaks	Interested in nature	Interested in culture	Interested in culinary	Interested in luxury	Interested in relaxing
1	cold / coldness / ice / frost	13.6%	15.5%	17.5%	13.3%	16.7%	15.6%	15.0%
2	(belongs to) Baltic States / Baltic State / Estonia / Lithuania / located between Estonia and Lithuania / the three brothers	11.8%	14.6%	14.4%	16.0%	14.4%	9.2%	12.6%
3	(capital) Riga	9.0%	11.7%	12.1%	14.1%	11.6%	7.1%	10.7%
4	(located on the, pearl of the) Baltic Sea (coast) / (at the) sea	7.6%	8.6%	8.9%	10.3%	8.3%	5.7%	8.6%
5	(located in the) North / northern / nordic	6.7%	6.7%	7.7%	6.5%	6.7%	5.0%	5.6%
6	(beautiful, great) landscape (surroundings, area) / (beautiful, untouched, much, pure) nature	6.1%	7.1%	7.1%	5.4%	6.9%	5.7%	5.9%
7	(located in the) East	5.6%	5.9%	5.9%	5.7%	6.9%	5.0%	7.5%
8	former Soviet Union / former UDSSR / former Eastern Block / Russian influenced / Soviet influenced	5.4%	7.9%	8.7%	7.6%	7.9%	6.4%	8.6%
9	(much) snow	5.1%	4.6%	5.2%	3.3%	5.1%	7.8%	4.8%
10	general positive evaluation (e.g. (very) beautiful, cool, dreamlike, good, interesting, pretty, wonderful)	4.0%	4.2%	4.1%	4.6%	4.3%	7.1%	4.3%

* Due to the multiple response option, no significance test for the differentiation by target groups can be carried out for methodological reasons.

Source: inspektour (international) GmbH / IMT of the FH Westküste, 2019

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6. Standard target group analysis

Overall top 20 association sub categories - by target groups

> What springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination Latvia?

> in % of respondents

Latvia

Source market: Switzerland Base: All respondents by individual target groups* Number of respondents: 1,000 Top 20 sub categories – part 2 of 2

DESTINATI BRAND	Overall top 20 association sub categories – by target groups (in % of respondents)	All respondents	Interested in city breaks	Interested in nature	Interested in culture	Interested in culinary	Interested in luxury	Interested in relaxing
11	reindeer / moose	3.5%	3.3%	3.6%	3.5%	3.7%	5.7%	4.3%
12	(beautiful, exciting) architecture / art nouveau / (beautiful, great) old town / (beautiful, colorful, historical) houses / buildings / constructions	3.4%	4.4%	5.0%	5.7%	4.5%	4.3%	4.3%
13	(close to, borders) Russia / (many) Russians	3.2%	5.0%	4.3%	5.2%	4.7%	7.1%	4.8%
14	(much, old, interesting) culture / cultural interesting / cultural heritage	3.1%	4.2%	3.6%	4.6%	3.9%	5.7%	4.3%
15	(nice, friendly, cordial) people / hospitable / friendliness / charming / sympathetic	3.0%	4.2%	4.1%	4.3%	4.1%	5.0%	4.5%
15	alternative / different / exotic / fascinating / mysterious / mystical / exciting / special	3.0%	3.6%	3.0%	3.3%	3.0%	5.0%	3.2%
17	(much) forest / (beautiful) forests / (green) meadows / (much) green	2.7%	3.1%	3.6%	3.5%	3.5%	2.1%	3.2%
18	(good, different, fine) food / (good, different, foreign) cuisine / gastronomy / culinary interesting	2.6%	3.8%	4.1%	4.3%	3.9%	7.8%	3.2%
19	far away / difficult to reach	2.3%	2.7%	2.5%	2.7%	2.2%	0.7%	3.5%
20	cheap (destination) / inexpensive / not expensive / reasonably	2.2%	2.7%	3.0%	3.5%	3.1%	2.8%	3.5%

* Due to the multiple response option, no significance test for the differentiation by target groups can be carried out for methodological reasons.

Source: inspektour (international) GmbH / IMT of the FH Westküste, 2019

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7.1 inspektour (international) GmbH - Tourism and market research

The study series Destination Brand is carried out under the project leadership of inspektour. Our goal is to realise a practise-oriented, holistic expansion and further development of the study series.

As a private-sector consultancy for practise-oriented development and concepts in leisure tourism as well as in regional development, we have set ourselves the goal of providing local authorities, institutions or companies with advice. We are taking on challenges with our partners and constantly work towards breaking new ground in the creation of innovative and future-oriented solutions.

Since 2001, we have been researching, analysing and designing content and providing support in the implementation of partial or overall concepts, particularly in the fields of destination and leisure management, market research, nature and environmental management as well as city and regional marketing and management. inspektour has successfully supervised and carried out hundreds of projects across Germany and increasingly operates on an international level. Since 2009, we have been certified in accordance with Service-Quality Germany.

In addition to a great deal of empathy and commitment, inspektour's work is characterised by a high level of practical orientation and an implementation approach as well as the involvement of all relevant stakeholders in achieving a generally accepted project result.

The 17 permanent employees of inspektour have a broad scientific background – among others Dipl. Economics (FH), Dipl. Geography, Dipl. Engineering, Dipl. Culture Management, Dipl. Tourism Management, Dipl. Traffic Science, Master's in Eco-tourism (M.Sc.), Master's in International Tourism Management (MA), Master's in Sports Tourism and Recreation Management (M.Sc.) – and make the provision of a well-founded examination of different themes possible. A long-standing and intensive scientific and operational exchange with the FH Westküste (University of Applied Sciences) and the Institute for Management and Tourism (IMT) in Heide (Holstein) is fostered through joint projects and lectures.

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7.2 Institute for Management and Tourism (IMT) of the FH Westküste

Practical relevance as a guideline

The Institute for Management and Tourism (IMT) was founded in 2006 as an internal institute of the FH Westküste (University of Applied Sciences) and is one of the leading research institutes in the field of tourism in Germany. Research and knowledge transfer are central tasks at the FH Westküste. The IMT sees itself as a link between research and its practical implementation.

Based on scientific knowledge and in view of industry needs, the IMT has successfully worked on more than 100 tourism projects – many of them in cooperation with industry partners. Together with these partners – e.g., Destination Management Organisations (DMOs), hotel co-operations, carriers and other universities – the IMT operates on a national and international level.

Furthermore, being part of a higher education institution, the institute works independent of mandated projects in the field of economically oriented tourism research. Thus, new expertise is being developed continuously. With the experience of its interdisciplinary team the IMT takes up topical issues and methods creating innovations and added value both for science and industry.

Moreover, part of the central task of knowledge transfer is further training. As a result, the IMT was engaged in several activities in this field during the last years as well. Under the leadership of the director Prof. Dr. Bernd Eisenstein the IMT consists of an interdisciplinary team with both permanent as well as project-related employed members.

www.imt-fhw.de



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inspektour TOURISM AND MARKET RESEARCH

7.3 Ipsos Operations GmbH

Ipsos is the number 3 worldwide in the market research sector. With a strong presence in 89 countries, Ipsos employs more than 17,000 people and conducts market research in more than 100 countries. Founded in 1975 in Paris, Ipsos is still managed by researchers today. With a positioning as a multi-specialist, a solid group was built up – Media and advertising research; Marketing research; Customer and employee relationship management; Social and policy research; Mobile, online, offline data collection and delivery. Ipsos is present in Germany with approx. 750 employees at six locations: Hamburg, Frankfurt, Munich, Berlin, Nuremberg and Mölln. Ipsos has been listed on the Paris Stock Exchange since 1999.

We at Ipsos are passionately curious about people, markets, brands and society in general. We provide information and analysis that makes our increasingly complex world easier and more understandable and inspires our clients to make smarter decisions.

We firmly believe in the value of our work. Safety, simplicity, speed and substance play an important role in everything we do.

Through specialisation, we offer our clients a unique pool of knowledge and expertise. Learning from different experiences gives us a differentiated view, allows us to courageously question things and inspires our creativity.

Our lived culture of togetherness and curiosity makes us attractive for top-class experts who we offer the opportunity to influence and shape the future with us.

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7.4 Contact persons for the study series Destination Brand



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	view of the association superior categories t springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination xy?	■ Destination xy Source market: Germany Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Superior categories				
STINATI	Association superior categories 2	% of respondents	1 % of responses	Number of individual responses		
1	sights / attractions / events	35.4%	23.2%	354		
2	places, cities and regions in and around the destination xy incl. attributes	27.8%	18.3%	278		
3	holiday and leisure activities	21.2%	13.9%	212		
4	mountain landscape / nature in general	17.3%	11.4%	173		
5	general geographical location	15.6%	10.2%	156		
6	general positive assessment / well-being	10.9%	7.2%	109		
7	negative associations to the destination xy	4.9%	3.2%	49		
8	personal relation	2.1%	1.4%	21		
	further associations to the destination xy without category allocation	3.9%	2.6%	39		
	no substantive associations (unknown / only know by name – nothing / don't know – no idea / can't think of anything – never been there before – invalid answer)	13.2%	8.7%	132		
	sum of individual responses encompassing all categories	152.3%*	100.0%*	1,523*		

Due to the multiple response option, the sum of the individual responses (1,523) is higher than the total number of respondents (1,000).

Source: inspektour (international) GmbH / IMT of the FH Westküste, 2019

Key question: Which of the superior categories formed is most strongly associated with destination xy? - Reading example: Superior category 4 "mountain landscape / nature in general" (Base: all respondents)

▶ The cluster "mountain landscape / nature in general" is the fourth strongest superior category of the destination.

This category accounts for 173 of the total number of entries submitted. This corresponds to 17.3% of the 1,000 respondents respectively 11.4% of the 1,523 spontaneous associations.

For each superior category, the percentages are based on the total number of respondents as well as the total number of responses. Due to the possibility of multiple answers, the number of responses (1,523) is greater than the number of respondents (1,000).

In this example, the given responses were classified into eight different superior categories as well as a supplementary group

of further associations to destination xy without category allocation.





5.4 Spontaneous associations - Cat. 4 "mountain landscape / nature in general"

ποι	taneous associations in category 4: Intain landscape / nature in general" t springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination xy?	Destination xy Source market: Germany Base: All respondents Number of respondents: 1,000 Associations in category 4					
TINAT	Spontaneous associations in category 4: "mountain landscape / nature in general"	% of respondents	1 % of responses	Number of individual responses			
1	(many, high) mountains / mountainous / (medium) mountain ranges / peaks	6.2%	4.1%	62			
2	(beautiful, great) landscape (surroundings, area) / (beautiful, much, pure) nature	3.4%	2.2%	34			
3	rural (region)	2.5%	1.6%	25			
4	(much) forest / (many, beautiful, varied) forests	2.1%	1.4%	21			
5	lakes / some lakes for swimming and fishing	1.4%	0.9%	14			
6	(relaxed) space / wide countryside / (beautiful) views	1.0%	0.7%	10			
	further associations to the category 4 "landscape / nature"* (e.g. agriculture, (wild) animals, farms, nature conservation (area))	0.7%	0.5%	7			
	sum of individual responses belonging to category 4	17.3%	11.4%	173			

* Sum of further associations belonging to the category with less than 5 individual responses each.

Source: inspektour (international) GmbH / IMT of the FH Westküste, 2019

Key question: Which sub categories are most frequently associated with destination xy in the case of the superior category 4 "mountain landscape / nature in general"? – Reading example: "(many, high) mountains / mountainous / (medium) mountain ranges / peaks" (Base: all respondents)

- In superior category 4 "mountain landscape / nature in general", "(many, high) mountains / mountainous / (medium) mountain ranges / peaks" forms the top sub category with a total of 62 individual responses.
- ▶ This corresponds to 6.2% of the 1,000 respondents and 4.1% of the 1,523 spontaneous associations to destination xy.

For each sub category, the percentages are based on the total number of respondents as well as the total number of responses. Due to the possibility of multiple answers, the number of responses (1,523) is greater than the number of respondents (1,000).

2

In order to additionally enable a detailed analysis of the spontaneous associations, the corresponding sub categories are listed for each superior category.

3

As the number of responses per association category decreases (≤ 20 individual responses), the relevance of these is significantly reduced (therefore written in grey in the overview tables).





6.1 Standard target group analysis

> What	all top 20 association sub categories – by target groups springs spontaneously to your mind when thinking of the foreign tourist destination xy of respondents	■ Destination xy Source market: Germany Base: All respondents by individual target groups* Number of respondents: 1,000 Top 20 sub categories – part 1 of 2								
DESTINATI BRAND	Overall top 20 association sub categories – 2 by target groups (in % of respondents)	All respondents	Families with children	1 Interested in hiking	Best agers interested in culture					
1	castles / palaces	14.3%	11.2%	15.3%	19.7%					
2	(excellent for) hiking / (great) hiking trails	12.2%	13.4%	21.7%	11.6%					
3	(beautiful, attractive, charming) places / (typical regional) architecture	10.3%	8.7%	7.9%	12.3%					
4	(many, high) mountains / mountainous / (medium) mountain ranges / peaks	6.2%	6.1%	8.3%	6.9%					
5	(traditional) craftsmanship	5.7%	5.3%	4.7%	7.3%					
6	(good, tasty, hearty) food / (good, regional) cuisine	4.8%	4.2%	3.9%	6.2%					
7	(beautiful, great) landscape (surroundings, area) / (beautiful, much, pure) nature	3.4%	3.9%	5.5%	3.1%					
8	(nice, friendly, warm-hearted) people / hospitality	3.3%	5.1%	4.3%	3.8%					
9	rural (area)	2.5%	3.1%	4.2%	2.7%					
10	mountaineering / climbing / climbing forest	2.1%	1.9%	4.9%	1.5%					
	* Due to the multiple response option, no significance test for the differentiation by target groups can be carried out for methodological reasons. ce: inspektour (international) GmbH / IMT of the FH Westküste, 2019									

Key question: With regard to which spontaneous association sub categories can target group-specific particularities be identified? – Reading example: "(excellent for) hiking / (great) hiking trails"

> The example shows the target groups "families with children", "interested in hiking" and "best agers interested in hiking".

Among the target groups presented, the sub category "(excellent for) hiking / (great) hiking trails" is most frequently associated with destination xy by the target group "interested in hiking" (21.7%). Compared to the total of respondents (12.2%), the percentage of this association sub category among the target group "interested in hiking" is clearly above average.

In addition to the univariate evaluation results, other bivariate evaluations are also part of the individual report. Among others, the top 20 association sub categories are differentiated by individually selected target groups.

2

For each target group, the percentages are based on the total number of respondents.

3

Due to the multiple response option, no significance test for the differentiation by target groups can be carried out for methodlogical reasons.





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8.2 Glossary

Content of the profile study						
Spontaneous associations	Proportion of the represented population that spontaneously (i.e., without being provided answ options) associates certain ideas, attributes respectively characteristics with the tourist destination					
Sub-groups						
Brand connoisseurs	Respondents who know the tourist destination (when it is provided as an answer option), even if it is only by name					
Visitors in the past	Respondents who have already holidayed in the tourist destination (with at least one overnight stay)					
Distinct intention to travel abroad	Respondents who definitely (top value) intend to spend a short holiday trip (with $1 - 3$ overnight stays) and / or a longer holiday trip (with 4 or more overnight stays) abroad within the next 3 years					
Measurement categories						
Percentage of responses	This means that the number of responses is used to calculate the percentage value.					
Percentage of cases	This means that the number of respondents is used to calculate the percentage value. For multiple response options, the percentage may be greater than 100 percent.					
Share value per category	Proportion of the respective variable that is attributable to a response category, percentage					



8.2 Glossary

Methods	
Representativeness	Is used to indicate that a sample reflects all (essential) characteristics of a population and thus mirrors the total population. In a stricter sense, a sample is representative if all the individuals in the population had the same possibility of becoming part of that sample.
Population	A population is a finite set of statistical units that are of interest for primary research. As it is often not possible to survey the total population, a sample is usually selected (partial survey) to determine the opinion of the population. In case of small populations, a complete survey among all individuals belonging to the population might be possible.
Sample	A sample is a selection of people or objects that provides representative information on behalf of a population. The responses given by the sample can be applied for the entire population.
Quota sample	The quota sample is a systematic selection procedure. In the case of quota samples, the selection of the representative sample to be surveyed is not left to chance, but the selection is made on the basis of so-called control variables. Control variables are usually demographic data such as gender, age, income, level of education, etc. The knowledge of the composition of a population with regard to these control variables is usually based on other statistical surveys, such as official statistics. The selection of statistical units that hold the defined control variables (i.e., survey respondents), is not random, but is determined by a responsible party.
Confidence level / probability	The confidence level indicates the probability that the value of a statistical parameter (for example, a mean) from a sample survey is appropriate for the population. Confidence levels must be set for a survey – they form the basis not only for the error tolerance but also for the necessary size of a sample. Surveys in the social sciences frequently use confidence levels of 90, 95 or 99 percent. If the confidence level is 95 percent, this means that a statistically determined value from the sample survey is 95 percent likely to be within the calculated confidence interval for the population as well.

Source: inspektour (international) GmbH / IMT of the FH Westküste, 2019 based on Statista GmbH, 2013





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8.3 Margin of error

Confidence probability 95%

	Sample s	size n=											Sample size	Confidence i	nterval limits
	100	200	300	500	1,000	1,500	2,000	3,000	5,000	8,000	9,000	10,000	1,000	lower	higher
Share in %:						Varia	ances						Variances		
5	4.27	3.02	2.47	1.91	1.35	1.10	0.96	0.78	0.60	0.48	0.45	0.43	1.35	3.65	6.35
10	5.88	4.16	3.39	2.63	1.86	1.52	1.31	1.07	0.83	0.66	0.62	0.59	1.86	8.14	11.86
15	7.00	4.95	4.04	3.13	2.21	1.81	1.56	1.28	0.99	0.78	0.74	0.70	2.21	12.79	17.21
20	7.84	5.54	4.53	3.51	2.48	2.02	1.75	1.43	1.11	0.88	0.83	0.78	2.48	17.52	22.48
25	8.49	6.00	4.90	3.80	2.68	2.19	1.90	1.55	1.20	0.95	0.89	0.85	2.68	22.32	27.68
30	8.98	6.35	5.19	4.02	2.84	2.32	2.01	1.64	1.27	1.00	0.95	0.90	2.84	27.16	32.84
35	9.35	6.61	5.40	4.18	2.96	2.41	2.09	1.71	1.32	1.05	0.99	0.93	2.96	32.04	37.96
40	9.60	6.79	5.54	4.29	3.04	2.48	2.15	1.75	1.36	1.07	1.01	0.96	3.04	36.96	43.04
45	9.75	6.89	5.63	4.36	3.08	2.52	2.18	1.78	1.38	1.09	1.03	0.98	3.08	41.92	48.08
50	9.80	6.93	5.66	4.38	3.10	2.53	2.19	1.79	1.39	1.10	1.03	0.98	3.10	46.90	53.10
55	9.75	6.89	5.63	4.36	3.08	2.,52	2.18	1.78	1.38	1.09	1.03	0.98	3.08	51.92	58.08
60	9.60	6.79	5.54	4.29	3.04	2.48	2.15	1.75	1.36	1.07	1.01	0.96	3.04	56.96	63.04
65	9.35	6.61	5.40	4.18	2.96	2.41	2.09	1.71	1.32	1.05	0.99	0.93	2.96	62.04	67.96
70	8.98	6.35	5.19	4.02	2.84	2.32	2.01	1.64	1.27	1.00	0.95	0.90	2.84	67.16	72.84
75	8.49	6.00	4.90	3.80	2.68	2.19	1.90	1.55	1.20	0.95	0.89	0.85	2.68	72.32	77.68
80	7.84	5.54	4.53	3.51	2.48	2.02	1.75	1.43	1.11	0.88	0.83	0.78	2.48	77.52	82.48
85	7.00	4.95	4.04	3.13	2.21	1.81	1.56	1.28	0.99	0.78	0.74	0.70	2.21	82.79	87.21
90	5.88	4.16	3.39	2.63	1.86	1.52	1.31	1.07	0.83	0.66	0.62	0.59	1.86	88.14	91.86
95	4.27	3.02	2.47	1.91	1.35	1.10	0.96	0.78	0.60	0.48	0.45	0.43	1.35	93.65	96.35
Share in %:															
20	7.84	5.54	4.53	3.51	2.48	2.02	1.75	1.43	1.11	0.88	0.83	0.78	2.48	17.52	22.48
ower CI	1.16	14.46	15.47	16.49	17.52	17.98	18.25	18.57	18.89	19.12	19.17	19.22	17.52		
nigher Cl	27.84	25.54	24.53	23.51	22.48	22.02	21.75	21.43	21.11	20.88	20.83	20.78	22.48		

Source: GfK, 2013





8.3 Margin of error

Explanation

Using the table on the previous chart, it is possible to calculate a (two-sided) confidence interval based on a proportion of a given characteristic obtained from a sample, in which the true value of the unit in the population as a whole is located.

Example: 1,000 people are randomly selected from the registration index of a city. Based on the birthplace of these individuals, it can be stated that 20% were born in another location. Based on this sample, the proportion of the city's population that was born in another place can be estimated. The estimation should be made with the utmost certainty. A margin of error of 5% is agreed upon in this estimation.

The table is divided into a standard gray-and-white area and an orange-and-white case-specific area. In the grey-and-white area, the confidence intervals for variances are calculated for 19 unit values (5%, ..., 95%) and 12 possible sample sizes (n = 100, ..., n = 10,000). These variances are deducted from the estimated value or calculated accordingly to obtain the desired confidence interval.

For the example given above, the table shows a variance of 2.48 with a confidence level of 95%. This means that the true proportion of people born elsewhere, with a probability of 95%, is between 20% - 2.48% = 17.52% and 20% + 2.48% = 22.48%.

In the orange-and-white area, the sample size is also highlighted in terms of the analysis of the spontaneous associations to the tourist destination "Latvia" in the source market Switzerland of 1,000. The table below specifies the fluctuation intervals for the 19 predefined values that result from the defined confidence level of 95%. In addition, the limits of the confidence interval for the respective unit value are also calculated here.

Source: inspektour (international) GmbH / IMT of the FH Westküste, 2019 based on GfK, 2013





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8.4 List of literature regarding the general overview of the study series Destination Brand

The given overview in chapter 3.1 represents an excerpt of the following article (slightly modified):

Eisenstein, B., Koch, A., Trimborn, P. and Müller, S. (2017): Die DestinationBrand-Studienreihe – Basisinformationen zur Markenführung von Destinationen.- In: Eisenstein, B. (ed.) (2017): Marktforschung für Destinationen. Grundlagen – Instrumente – Praxisbeispiele.- Berlin, pp. 267-283.

Notes

- ¹ See Meffert, Burmann and Kirchgeorg (2015), p. 329; Esch (2014), p. 79; Meffert and Burmann (2013), p. 31; Burmann, Halaszovich and Hemmann (2012), pp. 27.
- ² Brand image is defined here as "ein in der Psyche relevanter externer Zielgruppen fest verankertes, verdichtetes, wertendes Vorstellungsbild" (Burmann, Halaszovich and Hemmann (2012), p. 364).
- ³ The term brand is understood here as "ein Nutzenbündel mit spezifischen Merkmalen […], die dafür sorgen, dass sich dieses Nutzenbündel gegenüber anderen Nutzenbündeln, welche dieselben Basisbedürfnisse erfüllen, aus Sicht relevanter Zielgruppen nachhaltig differenziert." (Burmann, Blinda and Nitschke (2003), p. 3 based on Keller (2003), p. 2.)
- ⁴ See Burmann, Meffert and Feddersen (2007), p. 11.
- ⁵ See Burmann, Schade and Müller (2014), p. 282.
- ⁶ See Esch and Möll (2009), p. 30.

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8.4 List of literature regarding the general overview of the study series Destination Brand

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Meffert, H., Burmann, C. and Kirchgeorg, M. (2015): Marketing. Grundlagen marktorientierter Unternehmensführung. Konzepte – Instrumente – Praxisbeispiele. 12th, revised and updated edition, Wiesbaden.





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Imprint

Publishers	inspektour (international) GmbH	Institute for Management and Tourism (IMT)				
	Tourism and regional development	Fachhochschule Westküste				
	Ellen Böhling, M.A.	(University of Applied Sciences)				
	DiplKulturmgr., DiplKfm. (FH) Ralf Trimborn	Prof. Dr. Bernd Eisenstein				
	Managing partners	Director IMT of the FH Westküste				
	Osterstraße 124	Fritz-Thiedemann-Ring 20				
	20255 Hamburg	25746 Heide				
Project leadership	inspektour (international) GmbH, Hamburg					
Scientific advisory board	Institute for Management and Tourism (IMT) of the FH Westküste (University of Applied Sciences), Heide					

Data collection

Ipsos Operations GmbH, Mölln